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Inspection of immigrants at Santiago de Cuba during the week ended December 28, 1901.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, December 28, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended December 28, 1901. December 22, provisional flag steamship *Tomas Brooks*, for Port Antonio, Jamaica, with 4 immigrants.

Respectfully,
The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

R. H. VON EZDORF,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

DUTCH GUIANA.

Yellow fever at Paramaribo.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, D. C., January 17, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that the Department is in receipt of a telegram under date of the 16th instant, from the consul of the United States at Demerara, British Guiana, which reads, "Yellow, Paramaribo."

Respectfully,
Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

JOHN HAY,
Secretary of State.

ENGLAND.

Report from Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, January 4, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended January 4, 1902, there was 1 case of typhus fever taken from a vessel from St. John, New Brunswick. There has been no smallpox reported in this city. There have been no developments in the plague situation nor has plague been reported in any other part of the United Kingdom. According to the lay press there are 16 cases of smallpox at Glasgow, and on January 3, 1902, 38 new cases of that disease were reported in London.

Respectfully,
The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CARROLL FOX,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

GERMANY.

Reports from Berlin—Plague and cholera in various countries.

BERLIN, GERMANY, December 28, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the following information regarding plague, obtained from the imperial health office at Berlin:

EGYPT.—During the period from November 29 to December 13, 2 fresh cases of plague and 1 death were registered at Ziftah.

BRITISH INDIA.—During the week ended November 22, 8,812 new cases and 6,521 deaths of plague were registered in the Bombay Presi-

dency—that is to say, 389 more cases and 15 more deaths than during the foregoing week. In the city of Bombay, during the week ended November 23, 300 new plague cases (almost double the number of the previous week) and 189 deaths were officially recorded. Besides these, 131 deaths were described as suspected plague. The total number of deaths in the city for the week increased to 860.

MAURITIUS.—During the period from October 11 to November 7, 290 plague cases and 170 deaths were registered on the island, of which 85 cases and 50 deaths occurred in the first week of November.

BRAZIL.—According to statistics published in the Brazilian newspapers on the basis of official reports, there occurred in Rio de Janeiro, between November 1 and November 24, 55 cases of plague and 30 deaths from the same. In Campos the plague epidemic continues to spread; and also in other districts of the State of Rio de Janeiro, cases of plague are alleged to have occurred.

Plague and cholera.

BRITISH INDIA.—In Calcutta, during the period from November 10 to November 16, 44 persons died of cholera. There occurred, according to official bulletins, 23 cases of plague and 23 deaths.

DUTCH INDIES.—In the district of Soerabaya in Java, during the period from October 20 to November 2, there were registered 528 cases of cholera and 358 deaths.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON,
United States Consul-General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

BERLIN, GERMANY, *January 4, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the following information, obtained from the imperial health office at Berlin:

Plague.

TURKEY.—In Smyrna, according to a communication dated December 27, 1901, a fresh case of plague has been registered.

EGYPT.—According to the last weekly bulletin, dated December 20, 1901, no further cases of plague have been registered since December 10 in Egypt. The total number of plague cases registered since April 7, 1901, amount to 195 (with 97 deaths). On December 20 there remained 1 plague patient under treatment at Ziftah.

BRITISH INDIA.—During the week ended November 29, 1901, there were recorded in the Bombay Presidency 8,529 new cases of plague and 6,292 deaths from that disease—that is to say, 283 fewer cases and 229 fewer deaths than occurred during the foregoing week. In the city of Bombay, during the same period, there occurred 264 new plague cases and 162 deaths. Furthermore, in 122 cases the cause of death was described as suspected plague. The total number of deaths in the city decreased from 860 in the foregoing week to 793.

MOZAMBIQUE.—Regarding the 5 cases of plague registered in Magade, the governor general has caused the following publication under date of November 18, to be made: "There are only 5 plague cases under treatment. Every precaution has been taken in respect to the isolation of the infected district, and for the supervision and inoculation of the natives of the neighboring districts, so that in all proba-

bility the disease will be soon stamped out. Communication with Lourenco Marques has been cut off."

CAPE COLONY.—During the week ended November 30, 1901, 2 cases of plague were registered at Port Elizabeth. Since November 11, 5 plague cases have occurred in Mossel Bay.

PARAGUAY.—The cases of plague which occurred in Asuncion in the beginning of November last, occurred partly in quarters located near the harbor. No deaths from plague had been reported up to November 8. That the disease is actually bubonic plague has been demonstrated by bacteriological examination. The sanitary authorities of the neighboring states have been officially notified of the occurrence of plague cases.

Plague and cholera.

BRITISH INDIA.—In Calcutta, during the period between November 17 and November 23, 32 deaths from cholera were recorded. Furthermore there occurred 25 cases of plague with 25 deaths.

In the district of Soerabaya in Java, there occurred between November 2 and November 16, last year, 974 cases of cholera and 777 deaths.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON,

United States Consul General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Report of quarantine on outgoing vessels.

HONOLULU, H. I., December 31, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of outgoing quarantine transactions at this port for the week ended December 28, 1901:

Steamers inspected and passed.....	2
Sailing vessels inspected and passed.....	7
Cabin passengers inspected and passed	43
Steerage passengers inspected and passed.....	57
Crew inspected and passed.....	91
Number of pieces baggage disinfected.....	133
Sailing vessels disinfected.....	2
Number of interisland steamers disinfected..	3
Wharves disinfected.....	1

Respectfully,

L. E. COFER,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer, Hawaii.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ITALY.

Reports from Naples—Condition of smallpox.

NAPLES, ITALY, December 30, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended December 28, 1901, the following ship was inspected at Naples:

December 24, the steamship *Georgia*, of the Hamburg-American Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 178 steerage passengers and 25 pieces of large baggage. Three hundred and ten pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.